

The Company Director and/or Secretary  
Cory Environmental (Gloucestershire) Limited  
20 Old Broad Street  
London  
EC2N 1DP

Date: 10 May 2017

Dear Sir/Madam

**Your new standard rules permit**

**Permit reference:** EPR/FB3109GK/A001  
**Operator name:** Cory Environmental (Gloucestershire) Limited  
**Facility name:** Hempsted Landfill Site, Hempsted Lane, Hempsted, Gloucester, Gloucestershire, GL2 5FR

Our determination of your application for a permit is complete. We are satisfied that you can carry out your activities in accordance with the enclosed permit, without harm to the environment or human health. I enclose a copy of your permit and standard rules list/s.

Please keep these in a safe place.

This letter contains web links to other documents. If you are not able to access these phone our Customer Contact Centre for help on 03708 506 506.

Please look at the table below and note any of the things that apply to your permit.

If...	then..
you wish to keep your records at a site other than where the activity takes place	you will need to tell your local area officer within 20 working days of receiving this letter. If you do not hear back from them within a further 20 working days please take this to mean we have agreed your record keeping location.
You are carrying out a waste operation or activity and need to submit quarterly waste returns on waste movements <b>Note:</b> This does not apply to permits that only have stand alone water discharge or groundwater activities.	you can get the forms you need from our website <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-operator-waste-returns">https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-operator-waste-returns</a> When you complete your return use the waste returns reference above.
you need to submit other returns	send these to your area office. Speak to your area officer to check local arrangements.
your permit includes an installation	We have enclosed the pollution inventory letter, notice and fact sheet

Read the following guides to find out more about complying with your permit:

[www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits](http://www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits)

[www.gov.uk/guidance/control-and-monitor-emissions-for-your-environmental-permit](http://www.gov.uk/guidance/control-and-monitor-emissions-for-your-environmental-permit)

[www.gov.uk/guidance/legal-operator-and-competence-requirements-environmental-permits](http://www.gov.uk/guidance/legal-operator-and-competence-requirements-environmental-permits)

A local regulatory officer will visit you to assess compliance with your permit conditions.

There is an annual subsistence charge for your permit unless:

- your permit is only for discharges of sewage effluent where the maximum daily volume of discharge permitted is five cubic metres or less (this does not apply to trade effluent or any other type of discharge)
- or your permit is only for mobile plant, instead we will charge for each deployment.

The annual charge is due on demand in the year that we issue the permit and then on 1 April each year. The charge starts from the date we authorise the permit, unless there is a condition relating to a standalone water discharge which states a later start date. In that case we will charge for the discharge from the start date. If you need to know more about the subsistence charge please look at the charging guidance on our website at

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/environmental-permitting-ep-charges-scheme>

If you have any questions about this permit please phone our Customer Contact Centre on 03708 506 506. They will put you in touch with a local regulatory officer.

Yours sincerely

**Nasira Khanom**  
**Permitting Support Advisor**



# Permit

## The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

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Cory Environmental (Gloucestershire) Limited

Hempsted Landfill Site

Hempsted Lane

Hempsted

Gloucester

Gloucestershire

GL2 5FR

### Permit number

EPR/FB3109GK

# Permit

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

### Permit number

**EPR/FB3109GK**

The Environment Agency hereby authorises, under regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

**Cory Environmental (Gloucestershire) Limited** ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

**20 Old Broad Street  
London  
EC2N 1DP**

company registration number 2664840

to operate waste operations described in standard rules **SR2012 No.7** at

**Hempsted Landfill Site  
Hempsted Lane  
Hempsted  
Gloucester  
Gloucestershire  
GL2 5FR**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Under regulation 27(2) of the Regulations, standard rules **SR2012 No.7** are conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Alan Whitley	08/05/2017

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

# Schedule 1 – Site plan

This is the plan referred to in the standard rules SR2012 No.7



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Permit number  
 EPR/FB3109GK



# Standard rules SR2012 No7

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010

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## Standard Rules 2012 No 7 - Composting in open systems

**Waste Recovery Operation – treatment capacity no more than 75 tonnes per day**

### Introductory note

This introductory note does not form part of these standard rules.

When referred to in an environmental permit, these rules will allow the operator to operate a composting facility accepting up to 75 tonnes of waste per day and involving the storage, physical treatment and composting of specified biodegradable wastes. The biological treatment of waste is limited to no more than 75 tonnes of waste per day. The types of waste that can be accepted include green wastes and animal manures but do not include any catering waste or wastes containing any other animal by-products that are covered by the Animal By-Products Regulations. These rules are for facilities where the sanitisation stage of composting is carried out in open systems such as outdoor, turned windrows or aerated static piles. Composting can only be carried out under predominantly aerobic conditions; it cannot be carried out under deliberately anaerobic conditions. These rules do not permit the burning of any wastes, either in the open, inside buildings or in any form of incinerator.

These rules do not allow any point source emission into surface waters or groundwater. However, under the emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits rule:

- Liquids may be discharged into a sewer subject to a consent issued by the local water company;
- Liquids may be taken off-site in a tanker for disposal or recovery;
- Clean surface water from roofs, or from areas of the site that are not being used in connection with storing and treating waste, may be discharged directly to surface waters, or to groundwater by seepage through the soil via a soakaway.

**End of introductory note**

# Conditions

## 1 Management

### 1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
  - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in these standard rules shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

### 1.2 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.2.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
  - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
  - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.2.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

## 2 Operations

### 2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in table 2.1 below ("the activities").

Table 2.1 Activities	
Description of activities	Limits of activities
<b>R13:</b> Storage of wastes pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Secure storage of wastes listed in table 2.3  Physical treatment and composting including sanitisation, stabilisation and maturation of the types of waste listed in table 2.3
<b>R3:</b> Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	Biological treatment of waste shall not exceed 75 tonnes per day



## **2.2 The site**

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan attached to the permit.

2.2.2 The activities shall not be carried out within:

- (a) 500 metres of a European Site or SSSI;
- (b) a groundwater source protection zone 2, or if a source protection zone has not been defined then within 250 metres of any well, spring or borehole used for the supply of water for human consumption. This must include private water supplies.
- (c) 250 metres of the nearest sensitive receptor;
- (d) 10 metres of any watercourse;
- (e) 250 metres of the presence of great crested newts, where it is linked to the breeding ponds of the newts by good habitat;
- (f) 50 metres of a site that has relevant species or habitats protected under the Biodiversity Action Plan that the Environment Agency considers at risk to this activity;
- (g) 50 metres of a Local Wildlife Site (LWS), Ancient woodland or Scheduled Ancient Monument.

## **2.3 Waste acceptance**

2.3.1 Waste shall only be accepted if:

- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in table 2.3 below; and
- (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.

2.3.2 Records demonstrating compliance with rule 2.3.1 shall be maintained.

**Table 2.3. Waste types and quantities**

**Maximum quantities**

The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be no more than 75 tonnes in any one day.

**Exclusions**

Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:

- Consisting solely or mainly of dusts (except sawdust), powders or loose fibres;
- Catering waste and other wastes containing animal by-products covered by the Animal By-Products Regulations (except waste code 02 01 06 below).;
- Wastes that are in a form which is liquid;
- Hazardous wastes;
- Wastes containing treated wood;
- Wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides;
- Wastes containing persistent organic pollutants;
- Wastes containing Japanese Knotweed.

Waste Code	Description
<b>02</b>	<b>WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING</b>
<b>02 01</b>	<b>wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing</b>
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 06	animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw) only
02 01 07	wastes from forestry (biodegradable only)
02 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified (spent mushroom compost and fully biodegradable bedding only)
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only)
<b>02 07</b>	<b>wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)</b>
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials (biodegradable only)
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation (biodegradable only)
02 07 04	material unsuitable for consumption or processing (biodegradable only)
02 07 99	wastes not otherwise specified (malt husks, malt sprouts, yeast and yeast-like residues only)
<b>03</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD</b>
<b>03 01</b>	<b>wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture</b>
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood and particle board other than those in 03 01 04 only
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 01	waste bark and wood
03 03 10	fibre rejects only
<b>04</b>	<b>WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES</b>
<b>04 02</b>	<b>waste from the textile industry</b>
04 02 10	organic matter from natural products (un-dyed and untreated only)
<b>07</b>	<b>WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES</b>
<b>07 02</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of plastics, man-made rubber and synthetic fibres</b>
07 02 13	waste plastic (compostable plastic only, unused and uncontaminated excess production only)
<b>15</b>	<b>WASTE PACKAGING, ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging (excluding veneers, plastic coatings or laminates)
15 01 02	plastic packaging (compostable plastics only)

15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging (only biodegradable organic packaging)
15 01 09	textile packaging (made entirely from biodegradable fibres only)
<b>17</b>	<b>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)</b>
<b>17 02</b>	<b>wood, glass and plastic</b>
17 02 01	wood
<b>17 05</b>	<b>soils (excluding excavated soils from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil</b>
17 05 06	dredging spoil other than those mentioned in 17 07 05 (from inland waters only)
<b>19</b>	<b>WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION/INDUSTRIAL USE</b>
<b>19 02</b>	<b>wastes from physic/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)</b>
19 02 03	premixed wastes composed only of non-hazardous wastes (waste types listed within these standard rules only)
<b>19 05</b>	<b>wastes from the aerobic treatment of solid wastes</b>
19 05 03	off-specification compost (from a composting process that accepts waste input types listed in these standard rules only)
<b>19 08</b>	<b>waste from waste water treatment plants</b>
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 01	paper and cardboard (excluding veneers or plastic coatings)
19 12 07	wood other than than that mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11 (and only including wastes types listed in these standard rules)
<b>20</b>	<b>MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 01	paper and cardboard (excluding veneers, plastic coatings or laminates)
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics (compostable plastics only)
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste (plant matter only)
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 02	waste from markets (biodegradable only)

## 2.4 Operating techniques

2.4.1 The activities shall be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in Table 2.4 below.

**Table 2.4 Operating techniques**

- |   |
|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The storage, physical treatment and composting of wastes shall take place on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system.</li><li>2. Each composting batch shall undergo an identifiable sanitisation and stabilisation stage.</li><li>3. The storage, physical treatment and composting of wastes under anaerobic conditions shall be prevented.</li></ol> |
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### **3 Emissions and monitoring**

#### **3.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits**

- 3.1.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.1.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
  - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.1.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

#### **3.2 Odour**

- 3.2.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
  - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

#### **3.3 Noise and vibration**

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
  - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### 3.4 Monitoring

- 3.4.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake monitoring for the parameters, at the locations and at not less than the frequencies specified in table 3.4
- 3.4.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by these standard rules including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.

Table 3.4 Activities - Monitoring requirements				
Monitoring point	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring method	Other specifications
Internal for each composting batch during sanitisation and stabilisation stage	Temperature	At least daily during sanitisation, at least weekly during stabilisation stage	Temperature probe	Monitoring equipment shall be available on-site and used as required to maintain aerobic conditions and ensure compliance with these standard rules. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency
	Moisture	None specified	Not specified	

### 3.5 Pests

- 3.5.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
  - (b) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## **4 Information**

### **4.1 Records**

4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:

- (a) be legible;
- (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
- (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
- (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
  - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
  - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.

4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by these standard rules, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **4.2 Reporting**

4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by these standard rules to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2.2 Within one month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.

### **4.3 Notifications**

4.3.1 The Environment Agency shall be notified without delay following the detection of:

- (a) any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution;
- (b) the breach of a limit specified in the permit; or
- (c) any significant adverse environmental effects.

4.3.2 Written confirmation of actual or potential pollution incidents and breaches of emissions shall be submitted within 24 hours.

4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.

4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

- (a) Where the operator is a registered company:
  - any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
  - any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.
- (b) Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- any change in the operator's name or address; and
  - any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.
- (c) In any other case:
- the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
  - any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and

any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.

## 4.4 Interpretation

4.4.1 In these standard rules the expressions listed below shall have the meaning given.

4.4.2 In these standard rules references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "without delay", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

"*accident*" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"*Animal By-Products Regulations*" means The Animal By-Products Enforcement (England) Regulations 2011 (SI 2013 No.2952)

"*authorised officer*" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in Section 108(4) of that Act.

"*BAP*" means Biodiversity Action Plan. This is a non-statutory plan created by the UK Biodiversity Partnership and the UK Government, in response to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) signed in 1992. It describes the UK's biological resources, and commits a detailed plan for the protection of these resources.

"*compost*" means a solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been *sanitised* and *stabilised*, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

"*compostable plastics*" means plastics that are certified to meet the standards of EN 13432, EN 14995 or equivalent.

"*composting*" means the managed biological decomposition of biodegradable waste organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat and that result in compost.

"*composting batch*" means an identifiable quantity of material that progresses through the composting system and when fully processed has similar characteristics throughout. For composting systems that operate on a continuous- or plug-flow basis, batches will be taken to mean a series of "portions of production".

"*emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits*" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from emission points specified in these standard rules or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"*European Site*" means Special Area of Conservation or candidate Special Area of Conservation or Special Protection Area or proposed Special Protection Area in England and Wales, within the meaning of Council Directives 79/409/EEC on the conservation of wild birds and 92/43/EEC on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild flora and fauna and the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010. Internationally designated Ramsar sites are dealt with in the same way as European sites as a matter of government policy and for the purpose of these rules will be considered as a European Site.

"*good habitat*" means rough (especially tussocky) grassland, scrub and woodland.

"*groundwater*" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"*groundwater source protection zone*" has the meaning given in the document titled "Groundwater protection: Principles and practice" published by the Environment Agency in 2012.

"*hazardous waste*" has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 (as amended)

*"impermeable surface"* means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface, and should be read in conjunction with the term "sealed drainage system" (below).

*"maturation"* means a stage when by agitating and turning the compost it no longer results in reheating and the monitored temperature falls to ambient without the compost being too dry or anaerobic. Phytotoxins that are formed during the 'active' composting phase are metabolised by micro-organisms, which will result in the final material not being harmful to plants. This usually coincides with drop in pH toward neutral, and the conversion of ammonia into nitrates and recolonisation of beneficial micro-organisms. The maturation phase may need active management by turning to prevent the material becoming anaerobic.

*"nearest sensitive receptor"* means the nearest place to the permitted activities where people are likely to be for prolonged periods. This term would therefore apply to dwellings (including any associated gardens) and to many types of workplaces. We would not normally regard a place where people are likely to be present for less than 6 hours at one time as being a sensitive receptor. The term does not apply to those controlling the permitted facility, their staff when they are at work or to visitors to the facility, as their health is covered by Health and Safety at Work legislation, but would apply to dwellings occupied by the family of those controlling the composting facility.

*"pests"* means birds, vermin and insects.

*"pollution"* means emissions as a result of human activity which may—

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to a human sense,
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

*"quarter"* means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

*"R"* means a recovery operation provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on Waste.

*"sanitisation"* means the actively managed and intensive stage of composting, lasting for at least 5 days, characterised by high oxygen demand and temperatures of over 55°C, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, eradicate human and animal pathogens or reduce them to acceptably low levels.

*"sealed drainage system"* in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- (a) no liquid will run off the surface otherwise than via the system;
- (b) except where they may lawfully be discharged to foul sewer, all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump.

*"SSSI"* means Site of Special Scientific Interest within the meaning of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000).

*"stable, stabilised"* means the degree of processing and biodegradation at which the rate of biological activity has slowed to an acceptably low and consistent level and will not significantly increase under favourable, altered conditions.

*"stabilisation stage"* means the stage of composting following sanitisation, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, give rise to compost that is nominally stable.

*"treated wood"* is any wood that has been chemically treated (e.g. to enhance or alter the performance of the original wood). Treatments may include penetrating oils, tar oil preservatives, waterborne preservatives, organic-based preservatives, boron and organo-metallic based preservatives, boron and halogenated flame retardants and surface treatments (including paint and veneer).

*"Waste code"* means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk. 'List of Wastes' means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time.

*"year"* means calendar year commencing on 1<sup>st</sup> January.

**End of standard rules**